

## A Cardiac Catheterisation Laboratory



## **Core Curriculum Competencies Matrix "log book"**

Every time the trainee achieves a skill they should sign their initials in the proper column. The last pages of the Matrix are for documenting reflection of the trainee's progress. The local trainer should then counter sign each level as the trainee progresses through each level of training. As some trainees learn quicker or have some type of experience they may go onto the next level quicker than others. There is no set time frame of how quickly or slowly one makes progress. The trainee must be signed off by the local trainer, before they progresses to the next level.

		1	2	3	4	5
	Fundamentals of cardiovascular pathophysiology	Knowledge	Recognises / be aware of	Ability to describe	Understands / demonstrates	Able to teach others
Coronary	Coronary anatomy					
	Coronary Physiology					
	Flow dynamics / cardiac cycle					
	Ischaemic heart disease ACS					
	Ischaemic heart disease SCS					
Non Coronary	Valvular heart disease Heart failure					
	Cardiogenic shock					

	Conduction system /					
	arrhythmias					
	Carotid vascular					
	disease					
	Peripheral vascular					
	disease					
	Infectious diseases (					
	cardiogenic)					
	car aregerney					
	Congenital heart					
	diseases					
	Abdominal Aneurisms					
	& dissections					
	Thoracic Aortic					
	Aneurisms &					
	dissections					
	Parasympathetic &					
	sympathetic Nervous					
	system					
	Renal regulation of					
	blood pressure					
	Procedures &	Observe only	Direct supervision	Indirect	Independent	Supervises
	Techniques			supervision		others
Aseptic	Hand washing					
Technique	Gloving					
	Universal Precaution					
	Handling of					
	contaminated					
	Instruments					
	Methods of disinfection					

	Charlette	I	ı	
	Sterile table set up			
	0. "			
	Sterile access			
	preparation			
	Sterile Draping			
Vascular Access	Access site evaluation			
	Allen's test			
	Patient positioning			
	Manual compression			
	femoral			
	Manual compression			
	radial			
	Radial compression			
	devices			
	Femoral closure			
	devices			
	Assessment of access			
	site for complications			
	·			
Coronary and	Angiographic			
	techniques (AT) Native			
Valvular Diagnostic	Coronaries			
Procedures &	AT - grafts			
Materials				
Waterials	AT- vasospasm			
	AT - Collateral			
	circulation			
	AT - LIMA's			

	AT - RIMA's		
	Types of Lesions		
	QCA & vessel		
	measurement  Left Ventriculography		
	Aortography		
	Left Catheterization		
	Right Catheterization		
	Hemodynamics (H) pressures		
	H – normal values		
	H – wave forms		
	H – blood flow		
	H – Cardiac output		
Coronary	PCI techniques (PCI-T) preparation of		
Angioplasty	lesion		
<b>Procedures &amp;</b>	PCI-T- complex occlusions		
Materials	Appropriate catheter selection		
Special	Types of guidewires		

Techniques	Types of Balloons (B)		
	(B) Semi compliant		
	(B) non-compliant		
	(B) DEB		
	(B) cutting		
	Types of stents (S)		
	(S) BMS		
	(S) DES		
	(S) Scaffolds		
	(S) self-expandable		
	(S) covered		
	CTO devices		
	FFR		
	iFR		
	PdPa		
	Rotational		
	Atherectomy		

	T	T	T	
	Anti-Embolic Protection			
	Devices (AEPD)			
	(AEPD) filters			
	(AEPD) proximal			
	devices			
	Thrombectomy Devices			
	(TD)			
	(TD) automatic			
	(1D) automatic			
	(TD) manual			
	(15) mandar			
	Occlusive balloons			
	Occidsive balloons			
	Target temperature			
	management			
	management			
	Therapeutic			
	Hypothermia			
	PVDA ( Impella)			
	TVDA (IIIIpella)			
	IABP			
	IABP			
	Tomporary Pacing			
	Temporary Pacing			
	Daricardiacentesia			
	Pericardiocentesis			
Charles III.	Mitral Valvuloplasty			
Structural Heart	iviiti ai vaivulopiasty			
Disease	Aortic Valvuloplasty			
	Aortic Valvuloplasty			
	Pulmonary			
	Valvuloplasty			

	DEO alassura		-	
	PFO closure			
	ASD closure			
	Coils			
	VSD closure			
	V3D closure			
	Percutaneous Para-			
	valvular leak closure			
	LAA			
	TAVI			
	', ', '			
	Mitual Clin			
	Mitral Clip			
	TMV			
	Septal closure with			
	Alcohol			
	7.1007.01			
	Caratidartary			
Peripheral				
interventions	Carotid artery stenting			
	Carotid artery filters			
	-			
	Carotid artery- MOMA			
	Carotia artery Wiolvin			
	Budah sada da da			
	angioplasty			
Peripheral Interventions	Carotid artery angiography Carotid artery stenting  Carotid artery filters  Carotid artery- MOMA  Peripheral arteries angiography Peripheral arteries angioplasty			

	Renal intervention					
	Neurological					
	interventions					
	Radiation And Imaging	Observe only	Direct supervision	Indirect supervision	Independent	Supervises others
<b>Radiation Physics</b>	Radiation generation					
& Terminology	Radiation units					
	Radiation characteristics					
	Imaging systems					
	Principles of the					
	fluoroscopic X-ray machine					
	Positioning of the					
	fluoroscopic X-ray machine					
	Operation of the					
	fluoroscopic X-ray					
	machine					
Radiation risks &	Biologic effects of					
	radiation (injuries)					
Protection	Radiation safety -					
	patient					
	Radiation safety -					
	personnel					
	Radiation protection -					
	patient					
	Radiation protection -					
	personnel					

	Dose reduction					
	techniques					
	Radiation exposure					
	monitoring					
	Radiation exposure					
	limits					
Injection & lesion	Contrast injection					
	systems					
visualization	Contrast injection					
	techniques					
	Digital imaging systems					
	Flat panel systems					
Intra	ОСТ					
Coronary/Cardiac	IVUS					
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Imaging	ICE					
Modalities						
	NIRS					
	Inter-modality imaging	Manual ada a	Do assessed 1	A la ilita a tanada a a sida a	Hadanstonda /	Ablata
	Optimising Cardiovascular health	Knowledge	Be aware of / recognises	Ability to describe	Understands / demonstrates	Able to teach
	in the cath lab		recognises		uemonstrates	others
Canalianaaanla	CVD Burden & statistics					Juleis
Cardiovascular	Modifiable cardiac risk					
risk factors	factors					
	Non- modifiable risk					
	factors					
	Emerging risk factors					

Individualized	Risk SCORE System					
Risk Factors	GFR calculation					
RISK FACIOIS	Prevention strategies					
	_					
	Assessment, planning	Observes only	Direct supervision	Indirect	Independent	Supervises
	and managing patient care in interventional			supervision		others
	cardiology					
Dationt	Assess medical records					
Patient	for complete medical					
Preparation	assessment					
-	Check and follow					
	Physicians orders					
Basic Assessment	History					
Techniques	Physical exam					
	Vital signs					
	Central nervous system					
	(CNS) assessment					
	Respiratory system					
	assessment					
	Cardiovascular					
	assessment					
	EKG monitoring					
	EKG interpretation					

	Peripheral vascular assessment					
		Knowledge	Be aware of / recognise	Ability to describe	Understands / Demonstrates	Able to teach others
Interpretation of	Interpretation Chemistry lab results					
Laboratory	·					
studies	Interpretation cardiac enzymes results					
	Interpretation electrolytes lab results					
	Interpretation					
	Haematology lab					
	results Interpretation of lipid					
	panel					
		Observes only	Direct supervision	Indirect supervision	Independent	Able to supervise others
IV Therapy	Intravenous (IV) insertion					
	IV assessment					
	IV maintenance					
Post Procedure	Haemostasis					
Patient Care	Handover					

	Transport					
Patient	Point of care Oximetry					
Management	Point of care ACT					
<b>During Procedure</b>	Patient positioning					
	High risk patient					
Complications &	Shock					
Emergencies	Anaphylaxis					
	Dissections					
	Tamponade					
Life Support skills	BCLS					
	ACLS					
	Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics	Knowledge	Be aware / recognise	Ability to describe	Understands / Demonstrates	Able to teach others
Pharmacology &	Antiplatelet agents ( IIb /IIIa inhibitors,					
appropriate use	P2Y <sub>12</sub> antagonists)					
of medications in	Anticoagulants					
the cath lab	(Heparin Low Molecular Heparins )					

Direct Thrombin	
inhibitors	
(Bivalirudin)	
Fibrinolytic	
Thrombolytic	
Contrast Media	
Antiarrhythmic	
Andarmythmic	
Nitrates	
Wittates	
Antianginals	
Cardiac Glycosides	
Vasopressors/Inotropes	
(Dopamine,	
Dobutamine,	
Adrenaline,	
Noradrenaline,	
Levosimendan)	
Vasodilators/Adenosine	
Tassamator syriacinosine	
Antihypertensive	
Antinypertensive	
Calairma abannal	
Calcium channel	
blockers	
ACE inhibitors	
Angiotensin Receptor	
blockers (ARBs)	

	Aldosterone Antagonist		
	Beta Blockers		
	Sedatives		
	Reversal Agents		
	Antibiotics		
	Antiemetic's		
	Steroids		
	Antihistamines		
	Antinistamines		
	Cholesterol lowering		
	agents		
	Oxygen		
Indications for	Use in the cath lab		
use,	Level of significance for		
Contraindications,	interactions		
Mechanisms of	Known interactions		
action, Normal	with commonly used		
	medications in the cath		
doses, Side	Relative vs Absolute		
effects,	contraindication		

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Polypharmacy &	Beers criteria					
Interactions with	Routes of					
other medications	Administration - Intra- arterial (IA),					
& Routes of	Intracoronary (IC),					
Medication	Intravenous (IV), Sublingual (SL), Oral					
administration	(PO), Topical					
Proper	Risk / Benefit of medication					
<b>Documentation of</b>	medication					
Medications and	Compliance issues					
Medical & Legal	5 Rights : Patient,					
Aspects	method, dose, route and drug					
	Electronic and paper charting					
	Local standards & Policies of medication administration					
		Observes only	Direct supervision	Indirect supervision	Independent	Able to supervise others
Drug and IV	Basic calculations					
Infusion	IV drips units / hour					
Calculations	IV drips micrograms / min					

	IV medication					
	preparation / correct					
	mixing of solutions					
Conscious	Aldrete Score					
Sedation	Monitoring					
	Hospital standards					
	Agents Used					
ACLS	ACLS algorithms					
Medications	1 <sup>st</sup> Line drugs					
	2 <sup>nd</sup> line drugs					
	Principles and Practices of Person, Family & Emotional centred care	Knowledge	Be aware / Recognize	Ability to describe	Understands demonstrates	Ability to teach others
<b>Shared Decision</b>	Tools & approaches					
Making						
	Communication skills					
	Reflective practice					
Person and	Professionalism					
Family Centred	Ethics					
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	Therapeutic					
	Relationships					
	Physical Well Being & Comfort in the Cath Lab	Knowledge	Be aware / Recognize	Ability to describe	Understands / Demonstrates	Ability to teach others
Patient Rights &	Informed consents					
Safety	Hospital Standards					
	Psychosocial needs					
	Physical needs					
	Environmental needs					
Symptom	Safe care of sedated patients					
Assessment	Safe care of unconscious patients					
	Management of acute chest pain and symptoms					
End of Life Care	Patient care with dignity					
	Patient care with confidentiality					
	Evaluation of the Quality of Care & research in Interventional					

	Cardiology			
Quality Care &	Systems and			
	Organizational theory			
<b>Quality Indicators</b>	Hospital standards			
	Measurement of			
	Quality			
<b>Risk Assessment</b>	Audit & Inspections			
	Evaluation			
	IT Skills			
	Electronic Health			
	Records			
Research &	Investigation &			
	Research			
Investigation	Methodologies			
<b>C</b>	Articles & Publication			
	Modalities			
	Landmark Studies of			
	Interventional			
	Cardiology			

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Signatures	/ Initials		